High Energy Power and Propulsion (HEP & P)
Capability Roadmap
Status Report
Nov. 29, 2004

Joseph J. Nainiger, Chair NASA Glenn Research Center Thomas Hughes, Co-chair Penn. State Univ., Applied Research Lab



HEP & P Summary

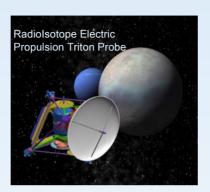
- Capabilities conveyed within HEP & P shall be developed in context of three broad application areas for future Exploration and Science missions
 - Provide Planetary Surface Power
 - Photovoltaic power systems with energy storage for stationary and mobile applications
 - Nuclear fission power systems for stationary applications
 - Radioisotope power systems for stationary and mobile applications
 - Provide In-Flight/On-Orbit Power
 - Photovoltaic power systems
 - Nuclear fission power systems
 - Radioisotope power systems
 - High Energy Propulsion Systems
 - High power solar electric
 - Nuclear fission electric
 - Radioisotope electric
 - Nuclear thermal



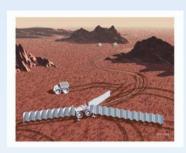
HEP & P Relevance



SEP/Chemical Mars Transport Stage



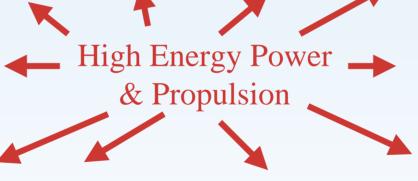
15 MWe NEP Mars Piloted Vehicle



Nuclear Fission Mars Power System Radiosotope Powered Cart



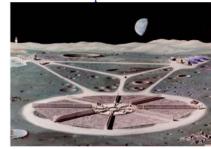
Nuclear Bi-Modal Piloted Nuclear Thermal Rocket



Radioisotope Powered Deep Space Probe



Photovoltaic Mars Power System



Nuclear Fission Lunar Power System



Photovoltaic Powered Mars Rover



Glenn Research Center at Lewis Field

Photovoltaic Powered Robotic

Lunar Lander

Photovoltaic Power Systems Breakdown Structure

- Photovoltaic arrays
 - Solar cells
 - Concentrator concepts
 - Array blankets
 - Array structures
- Energy Storage
 - Batteries
 - Regenerative fuel cells
 - Electrolyzers
 - Fuel Cells
 - H2 O2 tanks
 - Flywheel
- Power Management and Distribution
 - DC-DC converters
 - Cabling
 - Charge/Discharge control
 - Shunt regulator



Nuclear Fission Power Systems Breakdown Structure

- Nuclear Fission Reactor
 - Fuels and cladding
 - Controls
 - Shielding
- Power Conversion Devices (various types Brayton, Stirling, thermoelectrics, etc.)
- Heat Rejection Systems
 - Materials
 - Structure
- Power Management and Distribution
 - AC-DC converters
 - DC-DC converters
 - Cabling



Radioisotope Power Systems Breakdown Structure

- GPHS Modules
- Power Conversion Devices (various types Brayton, Stirling, thermoelectrics, etc.)
- Heat Rejection System/Housing
- Power Management and Distribution
 - AC-DC converters
 - DC-DC converters
 - Cabling



Solar Electric Propulsion Systems Breakdown Structure

- Photovoltaic arrays
 - Solar cells
 - Concentrator concepts
 - Array blankets
 - Array structures
- Power Management and Distribution
 - DC-DC converters
 - Cabling
 - Charge/Discharge control
 - Shunt regulator
- Electric Propulsion Subsystem
 - Thrusters
 - Power Processing Units
 - Tankage and propellant feed system
- Guidance and Navigation (In Conjunction with In-Space Transportation Team)
- Avionics (From In-Space Transportation Team)
- Vehicle Health Management (From In-Space Transportation Team)



Nuclear Electric Propulsion Systems Breakdown Structure

- Nuclear Fission Reactor
 - Fuels and cladding
 - Controls
 - Shielding
- Power Conversion Devices (various types Brayton, Stirling, thermoelectrics, etc.)
- Heat Rejection Systems
 - Materials
 - Structure
- Power Management and Distribution
 - AC-DC converters
 - DC-DC converters
 - Cabling
- Electric Propulsion Subsystem
 - Thrusters
 - Power Processing Units
 - Tankage and propellant feed system
- Guidance and Navigation (In Conjunction with In-Space Transportation Team)
- Avionics (Address unique nuclear requirements)
- Vehicle Health Management (Address unique nuclear requirements)



Radioisotope Electric Propulsion Systems Breakdown Structure

- GPHS Modules
- Power Conversion Devices (various types Brayton, Stirling, thermoelectrics, etc.)
- Heat Rejection System/Housing
- Power Management and Distribution
 - AC-DC converters
 - DC-DC converters
 - Cabling
- Electric Propulsion Subsystem
 - Thrusters
 - Power Processing Units
 - Tankage and propellant feed system
- Guidance and Navigation (In conjunction with In-Space Transportation Team)
- Avionics (Address unique nuclear requirements)
- Vehicle Health Management (Address unique nuclear requirements)



Nuclear Thermal Propulsion Systems Breakdown Structure

- Nuclear Fission Reactors
 - Fuels and cladding
 - Controls
 - Shielding
- Power Conversion (For Bi-Modal options)
- Fuel Tanks (Address materials considerations unique to nuclear radiation environment)
- Pumps (Address technology issues related to long run times and nuclear radiation environment)
- Nozzles (Address technology issues related to long run times and nuclear radiation environment)
- Guidance and Navigation (From In-Space Transportation team)
- Avionics (Address unique nuclear requirements)
- Vehicle Health Management (Address unique nuclear requirements)



HEP & P Process

- 1) Divide capabilities roadmap team into the following 6 subteams (tentative)
 - Photovoltaics applied to both planetary surface power and high power solar electric propulsion
 - Energy Storage applied to planetary surface power with photovoltaics
 - Nuclear Fission Power applied to both planetary surface power and nuclear electric propulsion
 - Radioisotope Power applied to planetary surface power, deep space power, and radioisotope electric propulsion
 - Electric Propulsion applied to high power solar electric propulsion, nuclear fission electric propulsion, and radioisotope electric propulsion
 - Nuclear Thermal Propulsion
- 2) Each subteam will review previous architecture and roadmapping efforts and map technology requirements against the assumed DRMs and architectures provided by APIO
- 3) Based upon the derived technology requirements, plan out a capability roadmap to meet the requirements
- 4) Assemble the technology roadmaps into broad capability roadmaps (i.e., surface power roadmaps, On-Board Power Roadmaps, Propulsion roadmaps, etc.)
- 5) Iterate roadmaps with SRMs (particularly SRM-13, Utilization of Nuclear Systems for Civilian Space Missions) and other capability roadmaps
- Item 1 will be accomplished during our first meeting (Dec. 1 and 2)
- Items 2 and 3 will be done by the subteams between meetings with telecon tagups
- Item 4 will be done at subsequent team meetings (TBD)
- Item 5 will be accomplished at specified opportunities identified by APIO and as required between roadmap chairs.



HEP & P Capability Roadmap Plans and Schedule

•	Team Formation	Oct04
•	Initiate Weekly Team Telecons	Nov04
•	Open Workshop to Collect Ext. Input	Nov04
•	1st Team Meeting	Dec04
•	Review with Strategic Planning Council	Jan05
•	Begin Phase 2 Investment Plan	Jan05
•	Input to NASA POP Guidance	Jan/Feb05
•	2 nd Team Meeting	Jan/Feb05
•	Submit 1st Draft Roadmap for Academy review	Feb/Mar05
•	Identify New Initiatives	Apr05
•	3 rd Team Meeting	May05
•	Submit 2 nd Draft Roadmao for Academy review	Jun05
•	Review with Strategic Planning Council	July05
•	Program Decisions Finalized (Ph. 2 Com)	Aug05
•	Roadmap Final Product & Phase 1 Complete	Sep05



HEP & P Status

- Team has been formed
- White papers submitted and made available to all team members
- Interaction with white paper authors today at this workshop
- First team meeting Dec1 and 2 in Washington DC
 - Will discuss and decide on process to proceed
 - Will examine and discuss all relevant previous roadmaping activities and white paper submittals
 - Will discuss and decide on sub-team breakdowns
 - Will decide on assignments and go-forward plan
 - Will discuss how to logistically interact (i.e., telecons, videocons, team meetings, etc.)



Summary of HEP & P White Paper Topics

- Fuel Cells 2
- Radioisotope Power Systems 2
- Electric Propulsion 5
- Power Conversion 1
- Nuclear Fission Reactors 2
- Solar Thermal Propulsion 1
- Thermal Heat Rejection 4
- Analysis Tools 2
- Programmatics 2
- Power beaming 3
- Inflatables 1
- Materials 4
- Power Management and Distribution 1
- Solar Electric Propulsion 1



HEP & P Questions and Answers

